BEGIN — JANUARY 13, 1960

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A10WX (BJT)
AMS BUDGET
NIGHT LEAD EISENHOWER ROUNDUP
BY J. W. DAVIS

WASHINGTON, JAN. 13 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER BRUSHED ASIDE QUESTIONS OF A U. S. MISSILE LAG TODAY AND DECLARED: "I AM NOT IN THE SLIGHTEST DEGREE DISTURBED."

EISENHOWER, THE VERY PICTURE OF CONFIDENCE, ASSURED A NEWS CONFERENCE THAT WHEN HE ENTERS SUMMIT TALKS WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV, HE WON'T GO IN WITH ANY FEELING OF INFERIORITY.

"I BELIEVE," HE SAID, "THAT THE MATTER OF DEFENSE HAS BEEN HANDLED WELL AND EFFICIENTLY."

EISENHOWER TOOK HIS POSITION IN A LIVELY DISCUSSION THAT RANGED FROM RUSSIAN ROCKET TESTS IN THE PACIFIC TO THE QUESTION OF WHETHER THE 1960 REPUBLICAN POLITICAL CAMPAIGN NEEDS WHIPPING UP. IT WAS HIS FIRST NEWS CONFERENCE SINCE DEC. ~~2.~~ 8 1960

THE PRESIDENT ALMOST LOST HIS TEMPER--HIS FACE AND NECK TURNED RED--WHEN HE WAS THROWN A QUESTION HE TOOK TO IMPLY THAT THE NATION'S NATIONAL SECURITY ~~IS~~ BEING HANDLED AS A PARTISAN POLITICAL MATTER.

"I DON'T ~~WANT~~ TO BE PARTISAN," THE FORMER FIVE-STAR GENERAL SAID IN A CLIPPED, PRECISE WAY, "AND I WANT TO TELL YOU THIS:

"I'VE SPENT MY LIFE IN THIS, AND I KNOW MORE ABOUT IT THAN ALMOST ANYBODY, I THINK, THAT IS IN THE COUNTRY, AND ON A BASIS OF DOING WHAT IS GOOD FOR THE GOVERNMENT AND FOR THE COUNTRY."

THE HIGHPOINT OF THE HALF-HOUR CONFERENCE CAME ABOUT TWO-THIRDS THROUGH. A REPORTER ASKED WHETHER THERE WAS ANY MERIT IN THE ARGUMENT BY SOME ADMINISTRATION CRITICS THAT "IN TALKS WITH CHAIRMAN KHRUSHCHEV YOU WOULD BE AT A DISADVANTAGE BECAUSE OF THE PROSPECT THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL BE SECOND BEST IN THE MISSILE FIELD."

EISENHOWER, WITH A SLIGHT SHOWING OF IMPATIENCE, REPLIED WITH AN EMPHASIS THAT INCREASED AS HE TALKED:

"WELL, LET'S PUT IT THIS WAY: SUCH AN ARGUMENT AS THAT PRESUPPOSES THAT I COME TO ANY ARGUMENT, TO ANY CONVERSATION IN THE FEELING OF INFERIORITY, THAT I AM A LITTLE BIT FRIGHTENED, AND I ASSURE YOU I AM NOT.

"I BELIEVE IN THE UNITED STATES' POWER, AND I BELIEVE IT IS THERE, NOT TO BE USED, BUT TO MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE OTHER FELLOW DOESN'T USE HIS; AND I AM NOT IN THE SLIGHTEST DEGREE DISTURBED BY SUCH A POSSIBILITY AS YOU SPEAK OF."

MOST OF THE CONFERENCE WAS ON AN EASIER, CALMER PLANE.

EISENHOWER, DRESSED IN A GRAY SUIT COMPLETE WITH VEST AND WEARING A POLKA DOT TIE THAT LOOKED AS THOUGH HE HAD TAKEN LITTLE TROUBLE WITH THE KNOT, HANDLED SUCH QUESTIONS AS THESE:

RUSSIAN ROCKET TEST--"IT WOULD SEEM VERY UNUSUAL FOR US TO MAKE A PROTEST (AGAINST SOVIET TESTS IN THE PACIFIC OCEAN) WHEN WE HAVE DONE THE SAME THING OURSELVES AND INTEND TO DO IT AGAIN."

REPUBLICAN CAMPAIGN--THE WITHDRAWAL OF GOV. NELSON A. ROCKEFELLER FROM THE REPUBLICAN PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION CONTEST "DOES GIVE A CERTAIN ATMOSPHERE OF NO COMPETITION."

THAT UNDERSTATEMENT BROUGHT LAUGHTER, AND SO DID ANOTHER EISENHOWER OBSERVATION THAT IT WAS WELL KNOWN HE HAD NO COMPETITION FOR THE NOMINATION IN 1956 AND "I DON'T SEE THAT IT HURT THAT ELECTION PARTICULARLY."

VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON--EISENHOWER PASSED UP AN OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE A FORMAL DECLARATION FOR NIXON, WHO NOW HAS A CLEAR FIELD FOR THE PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION.

"YOU KNOW," EISENHOWER MUSED ALOUD, "THE ONLY THING I KNOW ABOUT THE PRESIDENCY THE NEXT TIME IS THIS: I CAN'T RUN."

THE PRESIDENT SAID HE DID THINK SOME REPUBLICAN LEADERS WOULD LIKE TO HAVE A CONTEST ON THE REASONING THAT "ANY CONTEST IS GOOD BECAUSE OF WHIPPING UP INTEREST."

CIVIL RIGHTS--HE WAS ASKED ABOUT A PLAN BACKED BY SOME NORTHERN DEMOCRATS FOR APPOINTING FEDERAL VOTING REGISTRARS IN AREAS WHERE NEGROES CLAIM STATE OFFICIALS WON'T LET THEM REGISTER. EISENHOWER REPLIED, "I DON'T EVEN KNOW WHETHER IT IS CONSTITUTIONAL." HE ASKED INSTEAD FOR ACTION FIRST ON CIVIL RIGHTS LEGISLATION HE PRESENTED LAST YEAR, NOW RESIDING IN THE HOUSE RULES COMMITTEE.

STEEL--EISENHOWER CALLED IT SILLY TO SAY THAT THE STEEL COMPANIES WERE THREATENED OR PRESSURED INTO THE SETTLEMENT THEY REACHED WITH THE STEELWORKERS UNION AT THE INSTIGATION OF NIXON AND SECRETARY OF LABOR JAMES P. MITCHELL.

HE SAID HE ASKED THE TWO TO ACT AS MEDIATORS AND "THEY PROPOSED A SOLUTION" SOMEWHERE BETWEEN THE POSITIONS OF THE UNION AND MANAGEMENT. EISENHOWER REMARKED THAT BOTH SIDES HAD INFORMATION THAT THE WORKERS "WERE ABSOLUTELY GOING TO REJECT WHAT WAS ADVERTISED AS THE LAST OFFER OF THE COMPANIES."

FEDERAL BUDGET--HE WAS ABLE TO PREDICT A SURPLUS OF $4,200,000,000 IN THE NEXT FISCAL YEAR, BEGINNING NEXT JULY 1, HE SAID, BECAUSE HE AND HIS ADVISERS FIGURED THE NATION'S GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT WOULD AMOUNT TO 510 BILLION DOLLARS IN THAT YEAR.

"ALREADY," HE SAID, "WE ARE ACCUSED THAT IT IS TOO CONSERVATIVE."

THE GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT INCLUDES ALL THE COUNTRY'S PRODUCTION OF GOODS AND SERVICES, AND ITS SIZE ACCORDINGLY IS A GAUGE OF PROSPERITY AND A MEASURE OF GOVERNMENT REVENUE.

EISENHOWER SAID HE HAD ALREADY READ ESTIMATES OF THE GNP, AS IT IS CALLED, REACHING 514 OR 524 BILLION DOLLARS.

SUMMIT-DEMOCRATS--EISENHOWER, WITHOUT GETTING INTO PERSONALITIES, STOOD ALOOF FROM A SUGGESTION BY FORMER PRESIDENT HARRY S. TRUMAN THAT SOME RANKING DEMOCRATS SHOULD ALSO BE IN ON ANY SUMMIT CONFERENCE.

EISENHOWER SAID HE AGREED THAT MEMBERS OF THE OPPOSITION PARTY SHOULD GO ALONG TO ANY MEETING WHICH PRESUPPOSES AGREEMENT ON A TREATY. THE IMPLICATION WAS THAT A TREATY WAS NOT EXPECTED AT A SUMMIT MEETING OF THE GREAT POWERS.

LAUGHTER CAME AGAIN WHEN EISENHOWER, WITH A SLIGHT SMILE, REMARKED THAT IN THE DAYS OF SUCH SUMMIT CONFERENCES AS CASABLANCA, TEHRAN, YALTA AND POTSDAM HE WASN'T INTERESTED IN WHETHER A MAN WAS A REPUBLICAN OR A DEMOCRAT.

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FIRST LEAD EISENHOWER ROUNDUP
BY MARVIN L. ARROWSMITH

WASHINGTON, JAN. 13 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER PRACTICALLY RULED OUT TODAY ANY PROTEST AGAINST SOVIET PLANS TO FIRE TEST ROCKETS INTO THE U. S.-DOMINATED CENTRAL PACIFIC SOMETIME AFTER JAN. 15.

IT WOULD SEEM VERY UNUSUAL, HE TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE, FOR THE U. S. GOVERNMENT TO MAKE ANY PROTEST AGAINST THE KIND OF THING IT HAS DONE ITSELF AND MAY DO AGAIN.

SUCH TESTING APPEARS TO CONFORM WITH INTERNATIONAL LAW, HE SAID.

RUSSIA'S ANNOUNCED PLANS TO TEST POWERFUL NEW ROCKETS IN THAT AREA HAVE BROUGHT CRITICISM FROM SEVERAL INDIVIDUALS--FORMER PRESIDENT HARR S. TRUMAN AND SEN. MIKE MANSFIELD (D-MONT), FOR EXAMPLE.

EISENHOWER SAID THE UNITED STATES ALWAYS HAS CLAIMED IT IS PROPER T USE THE HIGH SEAS FOR VALID SCIENTIFIC EXPERIMENT, AND HAS BEEN DOING SO AFTER NOTIFYING ALL CONCERNED AND WARNING AWAY ANYONE WHO COULD BE INJURED.

THIS WAS EISENHOWER'S FIRST NEWS CONFERENCE SINCE DEC. 2. ON HAND FOR IT WERE 253 REPORTERS.

AMONG OTHER MATTERS COMING UP IN THE CONFERENCE WERE:

POLITICS -- THE DECISION BY GOV. NELSON A. ROCKEFELLER OF NEW YORK TO BOW OUT OF THE REPUBLICAN PRESIDENTIAL RACE DOES CREATE A CERTAIN ATMOSPHERE OF NO COMPETITION FOR THE GOP NOMINATION, EISENHOWER REMARKED WITH A SMILE. ROCKEFELLER'S DECISION HAS GIVEN VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON WHAT APPEARS TO BE A STRANGLEHOLD ON THE NOMINATION.

EISENHOWER RECALLED, HOWEVER, THAT HE HAD NO COMPETITION FOR THE NOMINATION WHEN HE DECIDED TO SEEK A SECOND TERM IN 1956. WITH A CHUCKLE, HE ADDED THAT DID NOT HURT THAT ELECTION PARTICULARLY.

THE PRESIDENT WAS REFERRING TO HIS OVERWHELMING VICTORY OVER DEMOCR ADLAI STEVENSON.

AS HE HAS IN THE PAST, THE PRESIDENT SAID HE BELIEVES THERE IS A NUMBER OF HIGHLY QUALIFIED REPUBLICANS WHO WOULD MAKE GOOD PRESIDENTS. HE WENT ON TO SAY HE REALLY DOESN'T KNOW WHETHER THE PEOPLE WHO RUN THE PARTY IN VARIOUS PARTS OF THE COUNTRY ARE AGAINST THE IDEA OF A CONTEST FOR THE GOP PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION. IN WITHDRAWING FROM THE PICTURE LAST MONTH, ROCKEFELLER SAID HE HAD FOUND THAT THOSE PEOPLE WERE AGAINST THE IDEA OF A CONTEST BETWEEN HIM AND NIXON.

DEFENSE -- WITH A SHOW OF ANGER, EISENHOWER VIGOROUSLY REJECTED WHAT HE TERMED A REPORTER'S IMPLICATION THAT THE NATION'S DEFENSE PROGRAM IS BEING CONDUCTED ON A PARTISAN BASIS. SARAH MCCLENDON, REPRESENTING TEXAS NEWSPAPERS, TOLD EISENHOWER THAT REPUBLICANS WHO MET WITH HIM AT THE WHITE HOUSE YESTERDAY HAD SUGGESTED THAT ANYONE WHO RAISES A QUESTION OF THE ADEQUACY OF THE DEFENSE EFFORT IS DISPLAYING PARTISANSHIP. BRISTLING, EISENHOWER ASKED MRS. MCCLENDON WHETHER SHE WAS MAKING A SPEECH OR ASKING A QUESTION.

SHE REPLIED SHE WAS PUTTING A QUESTION, AND REPEATED IN SUBSTANCE WHAT SHE HAD SAID A MOMENT EARLIER.

EISENHOWER SHOT BACK THAT HE RESENTED ANY IMPLICATION THE DEFENSE PROGRAM WAS BEING RUN ON A PARTISAN BASIS. IN THE FIRST PLACE, HE SAID, HE DOES NOT HAVE TO BE PARTISAN. SECONDLY, HE SAID, HE HAS DEVOTED HIS ENTIRE LIFE TO DEFENSE WITHOUT PARTISANSHIP.

THE PRESIDENT SAID FURTHER HE BELIEVES THE PROGRAM IS BEING HANDLED WELL, AND THAT HE BELIEVES HE KNOWS MORE ABOUT DEFENSE THAN ANYONE ELSE IN THIS COUNTRY.

IN THE SAME FIELD, EISENHOWER SPOKE OUT IN DEFENSE OF HIS DECISION TO CURTAIL DRASTICALLY THE B70 BOMBER CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM. IN REPLY TO A QUESTION, THE PRESIDENT SAID THERE ACTUALLY IS ENOUGH MONEY IN THE DEFENSE BUDGET TO CONTINUE THAT PROGRAM. HE NOTED THAT THE BUDGET FOR THE NEW FISCAL YEAR PROVIDES FOR A $4,200,000,000 (B) SURPLUS, AND SAID IN EFFECT THAT SOME OF THAT MONEY COULD HAVE BEEN EARMARKED FOR THE B70 PROGRAM.

BUT SUCH BOMBERS, HE COMMENTED, TAKE A LONG TIME TO PRODUCE AND IN THE MEANTIME THERE ARE OTHER VITAL DEFENSE NEEDS WHICH MUST BE MET.

U. S. SECURITY -- EISENHOWER FIRMLY REJECTED ANY IDEA THAT HE WILL B DEALING FROM ANY POSITION OF INFERIORITY WHEN HE AND SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV MEET AT THE EAST-WEST SUMMIT CONFERENCE IN PARIS NEXT MAY.

A REPORTER TOLD THE PRESIDENT THERE HAVE BEEN SUGGESTIONS THAT EISENHOWER WOULD BE AT A DISADVANTAGE BECAUSE OF RUSSIA'S LEAD OVER THE UNITED STATES IN THE MISSILE FIELD.

EISENHOWER SAID THAT IMPLIED THAT HE WOULD MEET AND DEAL WITH KHRUSHCHEV FROM A POSITION OF INFERIORITY--AND THAT HE WOULD BE FRIGHTENED OF THE SOVIET LEADER.

EISENHOWER SAID EMPHATICALLY THAT HE CERTAINLY IS NOT FRIGHTENED. HE ADDED THAT HE IS NOT IN THE SLIGHTEST DEGREE DISTURBED.

SUMMIT -- EISENHOWER COLD SHOULDERED A PROPOSAL BY FORMER PRESIDENT TRUMAN THAT EISENHOWER BE ACCOMPANIED TO THE PARIS SUMMIT MEETING BY BOTH DEMOCRATS AND REPUBLICANS FROM CONGRESS.

EISENHOWER SAID IN THE CASE OF SIGNING AN INTERNATIONAL TREATY, FOR EXAMPLE, IT MIGHT BE A GOOD IDEA TO HAVE SOME REPRESENTATIVES OF THE OPPOSITE POLITICAL PARTY ALONG.

BUT AS FOR SUMMIT SESSIONS, EISENHOWER SAID HE HAD NO IDEA WHETHER REPRESENTATIVES OF OPPOSITION POLITICAL PARTIES WERE ON HAND FOR SUCH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES AS THOSE HELD DURING WORLD WAR II OR IMMEDIATE AFTERWARD AT SUCH PLACES AS CASABLANCA. TEHRAN AND POTSDAM.

THE PRESIDENT TOUCHED OFF A LAUGH BY REMARKING THAT IN THOSE DAYS HE WASN'T INTERESTED IN WHETHER A MAN WAS A REPUBLICAN OR NOT.

TOUR -- EISENHOWER INTERPRETED THE TUMULTOUS WELCOMES HE RECEIVED ON HIS 11-NATION TOUR IN DECEMBER AS AN ATTEMPT TO SHOW APPRECIATION FOR AMERICA'S EFFORTS ON BEHALF OF WORLD PEACE.

HE DISCOUNTED HIS PERSONAL POPULARITY, SAYING THAT MANY OF THOSE WHO TURNED OUT TO GREET HIM WERE YOUNG ENOUGH TO HAVE LITTLE INTEREST IN SEEING AN OLD SOLDIER OF WORLD WAR II.

AS FOR HIS TALKS IN NEW DELHI WITH INDIA'S PRIME MINISTER NEHRU, EISENHOWER CALLED THEM INTERESTING AND INSTRUCTIVE.

HE SAID NEHRU DISPLAYED A SPLENDID GRASP OF THE PROBLEMS OF HIS AREA.

CUBA -- EISENHOWER DECLINED TO SPECULATE AS TO WHAT NEW STEPS THE UNITED STATES MAY TAKE NOW THAT THE FIDEL CASTRO REGIME IN CUBA HAS REJECTED THIS COUNTRY'S PROTESTS REGARDING SEIZURE OF AMERICAN PROPERTY.

AT THIS STAGE OF THE MATTER, EISENHOWER SAID, IT WOULD BE BETTER FOR HIM TO SAY NOTHING.

ASWAN -- AS FOR THE POSSIBILITY OF THE U. S. HELPING EGYPT BUILD THE ASWAN DAM--A PROJECT IN WHICH THE SOVIET UNION IS ALREADY PARTICIPATING, EISENHOWER SAID THIS GOVERNMENT WOULD LOOK AT THAT MATTER IN THE SAME WAY IT DOES AT ANY OTHER MATTER. HE SPOKE OF THE POSSIBILITY OF AID FOR EGYPT FROM THE WORLD BANK--AND TOUCHED OFF A ROAR OF LAUGHTER WHEN HE REFERRED TO IT AS THIS DAM BUSINESS. JOINING THE LAUGHTER, THE PRESIDENT SAID HE DIDN'T WANT TO BE ACCUSED OF PROFANITY.

STEEL -- EISENHOWER SAID ANY IDEA THAT THE GOVERNMENT BROUGHT THREAT OR PRESSURE ON THE STEEL COMPANIES TO AGREE TO A SETTLEMENT IS SILLY. THE PRESIDENT REVIEWED AT SOME LENGTH HIS INSTRUCTIONS TO NIXON AND SECRETARY OF LABOR JAMES P. MITCHELL TO TRY TO MEDIATE THE MARATHON DISPUTE. THE UNION OFFICIALS AND STEEL COMPANY REPRESENTATIVES HAD LONG BEEN DEADLOCKED, HE NOTED, EVEN THOUGH THE GOVERNMENT HAD INVOKED THE TAFT-HARTLEY LAW.

IT SEEMED TO HIM THAT NEW MEDIATORS MIGHT BE HELPFUL, THE PRESIDENT SAID, SO HE ASKED NIXON AND MITCHELL TO SEE WHAT THEY COULD DO.

THEY PROPOSED SETTLEMENT TERMS SOMEWHERE IN BETWEEN WHAT HAD BEEN THE POSITIONS OF THE DISPUTING PARTIES, HE SAID.

THE SETTLEMENT REACHED, EISENHOWER SAID, WAS NOT FORCED BY ANYONE --IT WAS FORCED BY CIRCUMSTANCES.

HE SAID EARLIER SETTLEMENTS IN THE ALUMINUM AND CAN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES HAD BEEN ON TERMS WHICH WERE MORE COSTLY THAN THE STEEL SETTLEMENT.

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NO HE ALSO NOTED STATEMENTS BY STEEL COMPANY OFFICIALS THAT THEY EXPECT PRICE INCREASES TO RESULT AT THIS TIME FROM THE SETTLEMENT.

AND THAT, THE PRESIDENT COMMENTED, IS THE FIRST TIME THAT HAS HAPPENED--SO FAR AS HE KNOWS--SINCE WORLD WAR II.

CIVIL RIGHTS -- EISENHOWER URGED THAT CONGRESS ACT ON THE CIVIL RIGHTS PROGRAM WHICH HE SENT TO THE CAPITOL LAST YEAR.

HE CALLED FOR ACTION ON THAT PROGRAM AFTER BEING ASKED WHETHER HE THINKS LEGISLATION IS NECESSARY TO PROVIDE FOR FEDERAL REGISTRARS IN AREAS WHERE NEGROES SAY STATE OFFICIALS DO NOT PERMIT THEM TO VOTE.

THE FEDERAL REGISTRARS PROPOSAL IS NOT PART OF THE ADMINISTRATION'S PROGRAM, AND EISENHOWER SAID HE DOES NOT KNOW WHETHER SUCH A LAW WOULD BE CONSTITUTIONAL.

BUT, EISENHOWER SAID, HE HAS NO OBJECTION TO HAVING THE MATTER STUDIED.

BUDGET -- EISENHOWER SAID WITH A SMILE HE COULD GIVE AN EASY ANSWER ON HOW THE ADMINISTRATION EXPECTS TO SHOW A $4,200,000,000 (B) SURPLUS IN THE BUDGET FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING JULY 1. THE ESTIMATE, HE SAID, IS BASED ON EXPECTED REVENUE OF 84 BILLION DOLLARS, AND SPENDING TOTALING $79,800,000,000 (B).

FURTHER, EISENHOWER SAID, THE SURPLUS PREDICTION IS BASED ON AN EXPECTATION OF A 510-BILLION-DOLLAR GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT IN THE NEW FISCAL YEAR. THAT FIGURE EMBRACES ALL THE GOODS AND SERVICES PRODUCED IN THE COUNTRY.

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A18

AMS BUDGET (350)
NIGHT LEAD SOVIET
BY STANLEY JOHNSON

MOSCOW, JAN. 13 (AP)-RUSSIAN STEPS TO PROMOTE PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV'S TOTAL WORLD DISARMAMENT PLAN ARE EXPECTED TO BE ANNOUNCED SOON.

INFORMED CIRCLES EXPRESSED BELIEF TONIGHT THAT A UNILATERAL PROGRAM -- PERHAPS A REDUCTION IN SOVIET ARMED FORCES -- WILL BE VOTED INTO EFFECT BY THE SUPREME SOVIET (PARLIAMENT) AT A SESSION OPENING TOMORROW.

CRYPTIC REMARKS IN MOSCOW NEWSPAPERS THAT THE SESSION WILL BE A VITAL ONE STIRRED SPECULATION ON THESE LINES.

AND FIRST DEPUTY PREMIER ANASTAS I. MIKOYAN SAID THE MEETING WILL BE UNUSUALLY IMPORTANT.

"THE WHOLE WORLD WILL HEAR WHAT WE HAVE TO SAY," MIKOYAN TOLD A VISITING CHILEAN TRADE DELEGATION.

INDICATIONS WERE THAT THE SOVIET LAWMAKERS WILL BE CALLED ON TO ENDORSE A PLAN FOR IMPLEMENTING SOME, THOUGH NOT ALL, OF THE PROPOSALS KHRUSHCHEV LAID BEFORE THE UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY IN NEW YORK LAST FALL.

THE TIME SEEMS RIPE FOR SOME SUCH ACTION. PRESIDENT KLEMENTI Y. VOROSHILOV IS TO VISIT INDIA IN EARLY FEBRUARY AND KHRUSHCHEV IS MAKING A GOOD-WILL TRIP ACROSS NEUTRAL SOUTH ASIA IN LATE FEBRUARY.

KHRUSHCHEV SUGGESTED IN HIS SEPT. 18 SPEECH TO THE U.N. THAT THE WORLD DISARM ITSELF COMPLETELY WITHIN FOUR YEARS. HE PRESENTED A PLAN TO DO AWAY WITH ARMIES, NAVIES, AIR FORCES, NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND MILITARY ROCKETS, LEAVING ONLY DOMESTIC POLICE FORCES FOR KEEPING INTERNAL ORDER.

THE PREMIER RETURNED TO THIS THEME AT A NEW YEAR'S EVE BANQUET AT THE KREMLIN. TOASTING THE NEW YEAR, HE HINTED THAT THE SOVIET UNION MIGHT CUT DOWN ITS ARMY ON ITS OWN, AND RELY ON ROCKETS FOR DEFENSE, IF THE WEST DELAYS A GENERAL DISARMAMENT PLAN.

BESIDES CONTRIBUTING TO EASING WORLD TENSION AND SCORING A POINT IN PROPAGANDA, THE RELEASE OF ANY SIGNIFICANT NUMBER OF MEN FROM THE SOVIET ARMED SERVICES WOULD BOOST PRODUCTION IN THE CURRENT SEVEN-YEAR PLAN.

SERVICE MEN CONSTITUTE THE MOST EFFICIENT, HEALTHIEST AND BEST-TRAINED CADRES AVAILABLE FOR UNDERMANNED SOVIET INDUSTRY. THERE WAS TALK THAT HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS--PERHAPS MORE THAN A MILLION--MIGHT BE RELEASED.

(WESTERN EXPERTS ESTIMATE THE SOVIET ARMY HAS ABOUT FOUR MILLION MEN IN ACTIVE SERVICE. ABOUT 400,000 OF THESE ARE BASED IN EAST GERMANY.)

FEARS OF A SUDDEN OUTBREAK OF WAR HAVE RECEDED HERE AS THE INTERNATIONAL CLIMATE WARMED AND ROCKET SUCCESSES BUILT UP RUSSIAN SELF-CONFIDENCE. AT THE SAME TIME REALIZATION IS BECOMING STRONGER THAT THE SOVIET UNION'S CHIEF HOPE OF SUCCESS IN THE ECONOMIC COMPETITION--BY WHICH IT PROPOSES TO PASS THE UNITED STATES- IS MASSIVE DEVELOPMENT AND GREATER EFFICIENCY IN SOVIET INDUSTRY.

ALL THESE PURPOSES WOULD BE SERVED BY THE PROPOSALS WHICH INFORMED CIRCLES EXPECT TO BE SUBMITTED TOMORROW OR FRIDAY FOR AUTOMATIC APPROVAL.

THESE ARE EXPECTED TO CALL FOR ACTION WITHIN A SHORT PERIOD, PERHAPS MONTHS, INSTEAD OF THE FOUR YEARS KHRUSHCHEV SUGGESTED TO THE U.N. FOR UNIVERSAL DISARMAMENT.

IT IS OBVIOUS KHRUSHCHEV WOULD LIKE TO LEAVE FOR HIS TRIP TO INDIA, BURMA AFGHANISTAN AND INDONESIA NEXT MONTH AS A CHAMPION OF PEACE AND DISARMAMENT WITH CONCRETE EVIDENCE PRESENTED TO THE WORLD OF HIS SINCERITY.

WHAT HAS THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT PROPOSED SO FAR?

"THE ESSENCE OF OUR PROPOSALS IS THAT OVER A PERIOD OF FOUR YEARS ALL STATES SHOULD EFFECT COMPLETE DISARMAMENT AND SHOULD NO LONGER HAVE ANY MEANS OF WAGING WAR.

"THIS MEANS THAT ARMIES, NAVIES AND AIR FORCES WILL CEASE TO EXIST, GENERAL STAFFS AND WAR MINISTRIES WILL BE ABOLISHED, MILITARY EDUCATIONAL ESTABLISHMENTS WILL BE CLOSED AND DOZENS OF MILLIONS OF MEN WILL RETURN TO PEACEFUL CREATIVE LABOR.

"MILITARY BASES IN FOREIGN TERRITORIES WILL BE ABOLISHED.

"ALL ATOMIC AND HYDROGEN BOMBS AT THE DISPOSAL OF STATES WILL BE DESTROYED AND THEIR FURTHER PRODUCTION TERMINATED. THE ENERGY OF FISSIONABLE MATERIALS WILL BE USED EXCLUSIVELY FOR PEACEFUL ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC PURPOSES.

"MILITARY ROCKETS WILL REMAIN AS A MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND HARNESSING OUTER SPACE TO BENEFIT ALL MANKIND."

THAT'S WHAT KHRUSHCHEV TOLD THE U.N., ALONG WITH A SUGGESTION FOR SMALL INTERNAL POLICE FORCES, AND SOMEWHAT VAGUE PROPOSALS FOR CONTROLS.

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A151LA

(350)

LOS ANGELES, JAN. 13 (AP)-THE SOVIETS APPARENTLY WANT A NUCLEAR TEST SUSPENSION PACT THAT "HALTS OUR TESTS WHILE PERMITTING THEIRS TO GO FORWARD," THE CHAIRMAN OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION CHARGED TODAY.

JOHN A. MCCONE SAID SOVIET SCIENTISTS AT THE RECENT INTERNATIONAL NUCLEAR CONFERENCE AT GENEVA COUNTERED THE WEST'S SCIENTIFIC FACTS WITH POLITICAL PROPAGANDA. HE ADDED:

"WE SENT OUR BEST SEISMOLOGISTS AND PHYSICISTS TO GENEVA. SO DID GREAT BRITAIN. TOGETHER THEY HAD WITH THEM THE BEST DATA AVAILABLE.

"WE EXPECTED THAT THE SOVIET SCIENTISTS WOULD COME EQUALLY EQUIPPED AND THAT THE GROUP WOULD EXPLORE THESE TECHNICAL FACTS AND REACH CON-

CLUSIONS WHICH WOULD GUIDE THE DIPLOMATS IN FORMULATING A SOUND AND SAFE TEST SUSPENSION AGREEMENT.

"... THE SOVIET SCIENTISTS REFUSED TO GIVE SERIOUS CONSIDERATION TO THE SCIENTIFIC DATA WE PRESENTED. THEY SUBMITTED LITTLE OR NO DATA OF THEIR OWN.

"WORSE STILL, THEIR FINAL PUBLIC REPORT CONTAINED BITTER DENUNCIATIONS AND ACCUSATIONS, TOTALLY INAPPROPRIATE TO THE FINDING OF A TECHNICAL GROUP. IT WAS VOID OF SCIENTIFIC EVALUATION."

HIS REMARKS WERE READ TO A BUSINESS OUTLOOK CONFERENCE SPONSORED BY THE LOS ANGELES CHAMBER OF COMMERCE. MCCONE REMAINED AT HOME IN SUBURBAN SAN MARINO BECAUSE OF A VIRUS INFECTION.

MCCONE SAID THE UNITED STATES BELIEVES IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO DETECT ALL UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR TESTS WITH EQUIPMENT NOW AVAILABLE.

"WE SHOULD WORK TOWARD A TREATY WHICH INITIALLY WOULD BAN TESTS THAT CAN BE DETECTED WITH INSTRUMENTS NOW AVAILABLE," HE ADDED.

BUT SOVIET NEGOTIATORS, HE CHARGED, "SEEM TO BE SEEKING AN ARRANGEMENT WHICH HALTS OUR TESTS WHILE PERMITTING THEIRS TO GO FORWARD."

"IT WAS OBVIOUS THAT THE SOVIET SCIENTISTS HAD NO THOUGHT OF GIVING RECOGNITION TO OBJECTIVE SCIENTIFIC FACTS," MCCONE DECLARED, "AND SEEMED TO CARE EVEN LESS ABOUT THE REPUTATIONS OF THE EMINENT SCIENTISTS WHO SAT WITH THEM AT THE CONFERENCE TABLE.

"THIS INCIDENT (THE SOVIETS' PUBLIC REPORT) POSES THE QUESTION OF WHETHER THEIR SCIENTISTS CAN PROCEED FREE OF POLITICAL DICTATE...

"IF THE POLICY OF THE KREMLIN CONTINUES TO BE THAT OF MEETING SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVITY WITH UNFOUNDED AND UNSUPPORTED RECRIMINATIONS OF A PURELY POLITICAL AND PROPAGANDA NATURE, THEN IT IS DIFFICULT TO SEE WHERE PROGRESS CAN BE MADE."

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B25 (Q) (230)

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GENEVA, JAN. 13 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION SUGGESTED A COMPROMISE TODAY ON THE MAJOR DEADLOCK OF THE NUCLEAR TEST BAN TALKS, BUT U.S. DELEGATE JAMES J.WADSWORTH IMMEDIATELY TERMED THE PROPOSAL UNACCEPTABLE.

THE STALEMATE CONCERNS THE RIGHT TO CONDUCT ON-THE-SPOT INSPECTIONS OF THE SITE OF UNIDENTIFIED EARTH TREMORS.

AN EAST-WEST GROUP OF SCIENTISTS FAILED LAST MONTH TO AGREE HOW VIOLENT A SEISMIC SHOCK WAVE MUST BE TO PERMIT AN ON-SITE INSPECTION.

SOVIET DELEGATE SEMYON K.TSARAPKIN FELL BACK TODAY ON AN EARLIER SOVIET SUGGESTION THAT THE THREE NUCLEAR WEAPON POWERS--THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND RUSSIA--EACH PERMIT A "VERY SMALL" FIXED ANNUAL NUMBER OF INSPECTIONS ON THEIR TERRITORY.

TSARAPKIN PREVIOUSLY HAS MADE CLEAR THAT BY "VERY SMALL" HE MEANS ABOUT THREE INSPECTIONS A YEAR. TODAY HE SAID THAT IF THE WEST ACCEPTED THE "VERY SMALL" QUOTA, THE SOVIET UNION WOULD ACCEPT AT LEAST SOME OF THE CONCLUSIONS AND DEMANDS MADE BY THE WESTERN SCIENTISTS AT LAST MONTH'S TECHNICAL DISCUSSION.

HOWEVER, TSARAPKIN INSISTED THAT NO INSPECTION TEAMS COULD BE DISPATCHED WITHOUT CLEAR SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE OF A "SUSPICIOUS EVENT."

AS THERE IS TOTAL DISAGREEMENT ON WHAT CONSTITUTES EVIDENCE OF A "SUSPICIOUS EVENT," THIS DID NOT ADVANCE THE NEGOTIATIONS.

WADSWORTH TOLD TSARAPKIN THE PROPOSAL IS UNACCEPTABLE TO THE UNITED STATES BECAUSE THE "VERY SMALL" QUOTA WOULD BEAR NO RELATION TO THE NUMBER OF NATURAL EARTH TREMORS AND A REALISTIC BASIS MUST BE FOUND FOR INSTITUTING INSPECTIONS SO NO UNDERGROUND TESTS COULD REMAIN UNDETECTED.

P504PES

A71WX (ICBM)

(320) MISSILE BUILDUP

WASHINGTON, JAN. 13 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER HAS SIGNED A PAPER CONFIRMING AN EARLIER ADMINISTRATION DECISION TO BEEF UP THE NATION'S INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE FORCE BY SEVEN SQUADRONS.

A REQUEST FOR MONEY TO BUILD AND INSTALL THE 5,500-MILE MISSILES IS INCLUDED IN THE NEW DEFENSE BUDGET THAT WILL BE SUBMITTED TO CONGRESS NEXT WEEK.

THE ORIGINAL PROGRAM FOR INTERCONTINENTAL MISSILES, INCLUDED IN THE CURRENT YEAR'S BUDGET, CALLED FOR A TOTAL OF 20 SQUADRONS, 9 USING THE ATLAS AND 11 THE TITAN.

ALMOST A YEAR AGO THE AIR FORCE RECOMMENDED INCREASING THE NUMBER OF ATLAS SQUADRONS BECAUSE THAT MISSILE WAS THEN NEARLY READY FOR OPERATIONAL USE. THE ADMINISTRATION DEFERRED ACTION UNTIL EARLY LAST FALL AFTER TECHNICAL KINKS WHICH HAD DELAYED PERFECTION OF THE WEAPON HAD BEEN IRONED OUT.

THE DEFENSE BUDGET FOR THE YEAR STARTING NEXT JULY 1, WHICH WAS GIVEN FINAL APPROVAL IN LATE NOVEMBER, INCLUDED THE REQUEST FOR SEVEN ADDITIONAL SQUADRONS OR 70 MISSILES. THE DECISION ON ATLAS MISSILES WAS ONE OF SEVERAL WHICH THE BUDGET BUREAU LATER SAID REQUIRED WRITTEN APPROVAL SIGNED BY THE PRESIDENT. THE WHITE HOUSE WAS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE PROVIDED THIS SIGNED DOCUMENT LAST WEEK.

THE PRESIDENT, IN HIS STATE OF THE UNION MESSAGE LAST THURSDAY, STRESSED THE ACCURACY AND DEPENDABILITY ACHIEVED BY THE ATLAS IN RECENT TEST FIRINGS.

THE AIR FORCE HAS ANNOUNCED THE SELECTION OF 12 INTERCONTINENTAL MISSILE BASES, FIVE TO BE EQUIPPED WITH TITAN MISSILES AND SEVEN WITH THE ATLAS.

THE AIR FORCE IS PREPARED TO DEFEND THE TITAN BEFORE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES, SEVERAL OF WHICH HAVE INDICATED THEIR INTENTION TO INVESTIGATE A NUMBER OF COMPLETE OR PARTIAL FAILURES OF THIS MORE ADVANCED MISSILE. GEN. THOMAS D. WHITE, AIR FORCE CHIEF OF STAFF, SAID LAST WEEK THAT HE IS CONVINCED THE TITAN, AFTER OVERCOMING DEVELOPMENT DIFFICULTIES, WILL BE AS GOOD AS THE ATLAS AND POSSIBLY BETTER.

THE NEW BUDGET WILL INCLUDE REQUESTS FOR MONEY TO START AT LEAST THREE ADDITIONAL NUCLEAR-POWERED SUBMARINES DESIGNED TO LAUNCH THE POLARIS BALLISTIC MISSILE. NINE POLARIS-TYPE SUBMARINES ARE AFLOAT OR UNDER CONSTRUCTION. MONEY FOR HARD-TO-GET NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS COMPONENTS FOR THREE MORE IS IN THIS YEAR'S BUDGET.

JA730PES

A139DX

(190) FOLO WASHN

DENVER, JAN. 13 (AP)-THE TESTING PROGRAM FOR THE TITAN INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE IS "PERHAPS TWO TO THREE MONTHS" BEHIND SCHEDULE, THE BOARD CHAIRMAN OF THE MARTIN CO. SAID TODAY.

BUT GEORGE M. BUNKER PREDICTED AT A PRESS CONFERENCE HERE THAT:

1. AN OPERATIONAL MARTIN-BUILT TITAN MISSILE WILL BE DELIVERED TO THE AIR FORCE ON SCHEDULE THIS YEAR.

2. THE TITAN MISSILE PROGRAM WILL BE CARRIED THROUGH TO A SUCCESSFUL CONCLUSION.

"THIS PROGRAM CAN SUCCEED," SAID BUNKER, "AND WHATEVER IT TAKES TO MAKE THIS PROGRAM A SUCCESS IS GOING TO BE APPLIED OT IT."

BUNKER'S PRESS CONFERENCE CAME ON THE HEELS OF AN ANNOUNCEMENT IN WASHINGTON TODAY THAT PLANS TO USE THE TITAN AS A UNIT OF THE SATURN SPACE VEHICLE HAVE BEEN ABANDONED.

INSTEAD, THE ARMY BALLISTIC MISSILE AGENCY HAS BEEN ASKED TO NEGOTIATE WITH COMPANIES IN THE MISSILE INDUSTRY FOR NEW TYPE UPPER STAGES FOR THE SATURN.

TWO SUCCESSIVE TITAN LAUNCHING EFFORTS AT CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., HAVE FAILED.

BUNKER SAID SOME OF THE MISSILE'S DIFFICULTIES HAVE RESULTED FROM

WHAT A NEWSMAN TERMED "STUPID MISTAKES" LIKE FAILING TO TIGHTEN BOLTS.
"THERE HAVE BEEN VERY REGRETTABLE AND INEXCUSABLE CIRCUMSTANCES," HE SAID. BUT HE ADDED THAT ANOTHER TITAN WILL BE TEST FIRED "SOON . . . WITHIN A WEEK OR TWO."

M&R948PMS NM

A107KX

(110)

ALAMOGORDO, N. M., JAN. 13 (AP)-A MISSILE WARHEAD FUSE WAS FIRED THROUGH A DRENCHING MOCK RAINSTORM TODAY TO SEE IF IT WOULD REMAIN EFFECTIVE.

IT WOULD GET THROUGH THE REAL STORM O. K., SAID OFFICIALS OF THE AIR FORCE MISSILE DEVELOPMENT CENTER AT ALAMOGORDO. THEY CALLED THE TEST A COMPLETE SUCCESS.

IF THE FUSE HAD BEEN ATTACHED TO AN ATOMIC WARHEAD, THEY SAID, IT WOULD HAVE GONE OFF.

THE FUSE WAS MOUNTED ON A ROCKET SLED AND FIRED DOWN THE 7-MILE TEST TRACK AT THE RESEARCH BASE.

ALONG THE WAY THE FUSE WAS DRENCHED WITH WATER FROM NOZZLES AT THE SIDE OF THE TRACK TO SIMULATE THE HEAVY RAIN A REAL MISSILE MIGHT ENCOUNTER.

THE ROCKET SLED REACHED A SPEED OF 1,990 MILES AN HOUR. HIGH SPEED CAMERAS RECORDED THE EFFECT OF THE SLASHING WATER ON THE FUSE.

OFFICIALS SAID THE SPEED WAS A NEW HIGH FOR HEAVY ROCKET SLEDS ON A DUAL TRACK.

F1901PCS

PRECEDE WASHN (170) A51AX

CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., JAN. 13 (AP)-A POLARIS MISSILE, THE NUCLEAR WEAPON WHICH WILL GIVE SUBMARINES GLOBAL STRIKING POWER, SUCCESSFULLY HURLED A DUMMY WARHEAD 900 MILES TODAY.

THE NAVY ANNOUNCED THAT "PRELIMINARY DATA INDICATES THE TEST SUCCESSFULLY MET ALL ITS OBJECTIPES." THE OBJECTIVES WERE LISTED AS GENERAL MISSILE DEVELOPMENT AND PERFORMANCE OF FLIGHT CONTROL.

THE 28-FOOT, SOLID-FUEL ROCKET BOLTED FROM ITS PAD, ARCHED HIGH IN THE SKY AND STREAKED DOWN THE ATLANTIC MISSILE RANGE. THE SECOND STAGE IGNITED WITH A FLASH OF FIRE A MINUTE AFTER LAUNCH.

LAST WEEK, A POLARIS WAS FIRED FOR THE FIRST TIME USING THE MISSILE'S INERTIAL (BUILT-IN) GUIDANCE SYSTEM. THE NAVY CALLED THE SHOT HIGHLY SUCCESSFUL.

TODAY'S MISSILE DID NOT CARRY THE NEW GUIDANCE. THE NAVY WANTS TO EVALUATE TELEMETRY FROM THE FIRST FULLY GUIDED SHOT BEFORE USING IT EXTENSIVELY IN THE TEST PROGRAM.

PLANS CALL FOR THE POLARIS TO BE READY FOR USE ABOARD ATOMIC SUBMARINES LATE THIS YEAR. THE FIRST OF THE POLARIS SUBS, THE GEORGE WASHINGTON, WAS COMMISSIONED LAST MONTH. EIGHT OTHERS ARE BEING BUILT. EACH WOULD CARRY 16 NUCLEAR-TIPPED MISSILES. THE MISSILES WILL HAVE AN INITIAL OPERATIONAL RANGE OF 1,200 MILES.

(NO PICKUP)

RY608PES NM

A83AX

(280)

BY HOWARD BENEDICT

CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., JAN. 13 (AP)-THE AIR FORCE ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT THE TEST PROGRAM FOR ITS INTERMEDIATE RANGE THOR HAS ENDED AND THAT THE MISSILE SOON WILL BE USED TO TRY OUT A NEW SPACE ENGINE.

THE ENGINE, IF SUCCESSFUL, WILL BE USED TO CARRY SMALL PAYLOADS INTO ORBIT AND DEEP INTO SPACE. IT WILL NOT MATCH THE THRUST OF THE U.S. ATLAS MISSILE OR THE HUGE POWER OF RUSSIAN ROCKET SPACE VEHICLES.

THE NEW POWER PLANT IS DESIGNED FOR SCIENTIFIC SPACE EXPLORATION.

30.24-9771

IT PROBABLY WILL SERVE AS AN INTERIM BOOSTER UNTIL LARGER AMERICAN ROCKETS LIKE THE CENTAUR ARE AVAILABLE IN ABOUT A YEAR.

THE AIR FORCE ANNOUNCEMENT EMPHASIZED THE NEW THOR IS "MODIFIED TO INCREASE THE THOR'S VERSATILITY AS A CIVILIAN RATHER THAN AS A MILITARY SPACEBOOSTER. . . THE NEW MODEL IS EQUIPPED WITH A MODIFIED LIQUID-FUEL ROCKET ENGINE OF INCREASED THRUST OVER THE STANDARD THOR ENGINE."

THE MILITARY THOR POURS OUT ABOUT 150,000 POUNDS OF THRUST AT LIFT-OFF. INFORMED SOURCES SAID THE NEW MISSILE WILL HAVE AN ADDITIONAL 15,000 POUNDS.

THE ATLAS, WHICH ALSO IS TICKETED FOR SOME SPACE EXPERIMENTS, GENERATES 360,000 POUNDS AT BLASTOFF. THE SOVIET LUNIK ROCKETS REPORTEDLY HAD ABOUT 800,000 POUNDS.

THE LAST TEST OF THE THOR AS A WAR WEAPON WAS MADE DEC. 17. THAT WAS THE 79TH THOR LAUNCHING SINCE THE FIRST TEST MODEL WAS FLOWN IN JANUARY 1957.

FORTY-SIX OF THE MISSILES WERE FIRED IN A SUCCESSFUL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM AT CAPE CANAVERAL. FOURTEEN WERE USED AS BOOSTERS FOR THOR-ABLE ROCKETS WHICH WERE EMPLOYED IN SPACE EXPERIMENTS AND NOSE CONE RECOVERY TESTS.

THE AIR FORCE SAID THREE THORS WILL BE USED TO TEST THE NEW SPACE ENGINE. IT SAID A CONICAL METAL NOSE FAIRING WILL TOP THE MISSILE FOR "LAUNCHING THE THOR ON THE OPTIMUM TRAJECTORY FOR EVALUATION OF THE MODIFIED PROPULSION SYSTEM".

IF IT PROVES OUT, THE NEW ENGINE PROBABLY WILL BE USED IN THOR-ABLE AND THOR-DELTA ROCKETS, THREE-STAGE VEHICLES UTILIZING THE THOR AS A FIRST STAGE.

SF/RY829PES

A35WX

(400) KOREA-MISSILES

BY ELTON C. FAY

WASHINGTON, JAN. 13 (AP)-NIKE HERCULES ANTIAIRCRAFT MISSILES WITH NUCLEAR WARHEADS ARE DESTINED FOR SOUTH KOREA.

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE PROGRAM FOR ADDING ATOMIC MISSILES TO THE SOUTH KOREAN DEFENSE SYSTEM PROBABLY WILL BE MADE WITHIN THE NEXT FEW WEEKS. INSTALLATION IS EXPECTED TO START LATER THIS YEAR. THE NIKE MISSILES HAVE AN 80-MILE RANGE.

OFFICIALS OF THE U.S. 8TH ARMY AND THE UNITED NATIONS COMMAND IN KOREA HAVE EMPHASIZED THE NEED FOR MISSILE DEFENSE AGAINST HUNDREDS OF RED JET WARPLANES BELIEVED TO BE BASED IN COMMUNIST NORTH KOREA AND ADJACENT RED CHINA.

U.S. FORCES IN SOUTH KOREA ALREADY HAVE SEVERAL TYPES OF ARTILLERY AND ROCKETS ADAPTED FOR USE OF ATOMIC AMMUNITION. THEY INCLUDE EIGHT-INCH GUNS, 280 MILLIMETER GUNS AND THE HONEST JOHN BATTLEFIELD ROCKET. PRESUMABLY NUCLEAR WARHEADS ALSO ARE STORED THERE.

THE UNITED STATES BEGAN INTRODUCING ATOMIC-CAPABLE WEAPONS INTO THE SOUTH KOREAN DEFENSES AFTER THE NORTH KOREAN COMMUNISTS BUILT A NETWORK OF NEW AIRFIELDS AND IMPORTED MODERN JETS.

THE REDS WERE TOLD THIS MEANT U.S. DEFENDERS WERE NO LONGER BOUND BY TREATY PROVISIONS FORBIDDING INTRODUCTION OF NEW WEAPONS.

MISSILES FOR BOTH BATTLEFIELD AND AIR DEFENSE ARE NOW IN POSITION IN MOST FAR EAST ALLIED NATIONS -- EXCEPT JAPAN.

JAPAN, THE ONLY NATION EVER TO BE HIT BY ATOMIC ATTACK, DISLIKES ATOMIC WEAPONS. IN THE MINDS OF MANY JAPANESE, ALL MISSILES, WHETHER POSSESSING NUCLEAR CAPABILITY OR NOT, ARE CLASSED AS NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

FOR THIS REASON, NO MENTION OF MISSILE BASES MAY BE INCLUDED IN THE U.S.-JAPAN BASE TREATY DUE TO BE SIGNED HERE SOON. IF THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT DECIDES LATER THAT HERCULES MISSILE BASES ARE DESIRED, THAT CAN BE ARRANGED BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTS.

WITHIN RECENT MONTHS, SOME NON-ATOMIC SIDEWINDER MISSILES FOR LAUNCHING FROM PLANES HAVE BEEN BROUGHT INTO JAPAN'S DEFENSE.

NIKE HERCULES MISSILES ARE IN POSITION IN OKINAWA, THE U.S.-CONTROLLED ISLAND SOUTH OF JAPAN.

ON FORMOSA, ONE HERCULES BATTALION IS MANNED BY TROOPS OF THE CHINESE NATIONALIST ARMY. HERCULES WEAPONS LAUNCHED FROM FORMOSA COULD BLAST RED BOMBERS ALMOST AS SOON AS THEY ROSE FROM THEIR BASES ALONG THE MAINLAND.

PLANES OPERATING FROM CARRIERS OF THE U.S. 7TH FLEET -- WHICH ROAMS ALONG THE ASIAN COAST -- ARE CAPABLE OF USING BOTH DEFENSIVE AND OFFENSIVE ATOMIC WEAPONS.

THE AIR FORCE ALSO HAS AT LEAST ONE MATADOR GUIDED MISSILE UNIT IN THE FAR EAST. THIS PLANE-LIKE MISSILE HAS A RANGE OF SEVERAL HUNDRED MILES.

THERE ARE NO LAUNCHING BASES FOR INTERMEDIATE RANGE BALLISTIC MISSILES (IRBM'S) IN THE FAR EAST AND OFFICIALS THERE SAY THEY KNOW OF NO PLANS FOR INSTALLING THEM.

SO FAR THE PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENT HAS BEEN COOL TO ANY IDEA OF MISSILE BASES OF ANY KIND IN THAT COUNTRY. IN PART, THIS OPPOSITION MAY BE BASED ON BELIEF THAT SUCH BASES WOULD MAKE A PRIORITY TARGET OF THE PHILIPPINES IN EVENT OF CONFLICT IN THE FAR EAST.

CZ444AES

A101 0961

SECOND NIGHT LEAD ECONOMIC (A75) (450)

BY ULYS YATES

PARIS, THURSDAY, JAN. 14 (AP)-THE FREE WORLD TOOK ITS FIRST TENTATIVE STEPS EARLY TODAY TOWARD POOLING ITS RESOURCES TO MEET THE THREAT OF COMMUNIST ECONOMIC PENETRATION IN THE WORLD'S UNDERDEVELOPED AREAS.

A 13-NATION ECONOMIC CONFERENCE IN PARIS ADOPTED U.S. PROPOSALS FOR A COORDINATED AID PROGRAM FOR UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES. BUT IT WAS ALSO AGREED THAT SETTLEMENT OF EUROPEAN TRADE CONFLICTS MUST TAKE PRIORITY.

THE RESULT WAS A COMPROMISE BETWEEN THE AMERICAN EFFORTS TO BOOST EUROPEAN PARTICIPATION IN AID TO UNDERDEVELOPED AREAS AND EUROPE'S INSISTENCE THAT INTERNAL ECONOMIC CONFLICTS MUST BE SETTLED FIRST.

THE CONFERENCE ADOPTED THREE RESOLUTIONS WHICH WOULD:

1. SET UP A COMMITTEE TO CONSIDER REPLACING OR EXPANDING THE ORGANIZATION FOR EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION (OEEC) INTO A 20-NATION GROUP TO COORDINATE WESTERN AID PLANS.

2. FORM AN INTERIM GROUP OF EIGHT (CQ) COUNTRIES, PLUS THE EUROPEAN COMMON MARKET COMMISSION, TO PROMOTE IMMEDIATE AID UNTIL THE LARGER BODY IS FORMED. INFORMED SOURCES SAID IT WOULD TAKE AT LEAST 18 MONTHS TO GET THE BIGGER GROUP GOING.

3. GIVE PRIORITY TO SETTLEMENT OF EUROPEAN TRADE CONFLICTS. THE 20 GOVERNMENTS WOULD SET UP A COMMITTEE TO STUDY THIS PROBLEM AND WOULD APPOINT SUBCOMMITTEES TO DEAL WITH THE CONFLICT BETWEEN THE SIX COMMON MARKET NATIONS AND THE SEVEN COUNTRIES OF THE FREE TRADE ASSOCIATION.

THE TRADE CONFLICT RESOLUTION EMBODIED A SWISS PROPOSAL. THE UNITED STATES WANTED EUROPE'S TRADE PROBLEMS DISCUSSED WITHIN THE WIDER FRAMEWORK OF WORLD ECONOMICS. THE BRITISH WANTED THE PROBLEM CONFINED TO RIVALRY BETWEEN THE COMMON MARKET AND FREE TRADE ASSOCIATION.

BY REFERRING THE MATTER TO ALL 20 GOVERNMENTS, THE U.S. POSITION WAS UPHELD, BUT THE BRITISH VIEW WILL GET ATTENTION IN THE SUBCOMMITTEE WHICH THE 20 WILL APPOINT.

CONFERENCE DELEGATES WORKED UNTIL 2 A.M. AFTER ALMOST 10 HOURS OF TALKS SPREAD OVER THREE SESSIONS. THEY EMPHASIZED THAT THE DECISIONS TAKEN WERE ONLY A BEGINNING.

NO DETAILS WERE AGREED UPON AS TO THE NATURE OF THE PROPOSED 20-NATION ORGANIZATION.

"WE HAVE JUST STARTED THE BALL ROLLING," AN AMERICAN SPOKESMAN SAID.

THE 20 GOVERNMENTS ARE THE UNITED STATES, CANADA, BRITAIN, IRELAND, ICELAND, DENMARK, NORWAY, SWEDEN, HOLLAND, BELGIUM, LUXEMBOURG, WEST GERMANY, SWITZERLAND, AUSTRIA, FRANCE, ITALY, SPAIN, PORTUGAL, GREECE AND TURKEY.

THE RESOLUTION DEALING WITH CREATION OF THE NEW 20 NATION ORGANIZATION PROPOSED THAT A COMMITTEE OF THREE BE NAMED TO DRAFT A PROPOSED CHARTER WHICH WILL BE SUBMITTED AT A MEETING OF THE 20 IN PARIS APRIL 19.

THE COMMITTEE WILL BE APPOINTED TODAY. IT WILL INCLUDE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE. A FOURTH PLACE ON THE COMMITTEE MAY BE GIVEN TO A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE SMALLER POWERS.

THE COMMON MARKET IS A TRADE AREA GROUPING FRANCE, WEST GERMANY, ITALY, BELGIUM, THE NETHERLANDS, AND LUXEMBOURG. THE FREE TRADE ASSOCIATION--OFTEN CALLED THE OUTER SEVEN--JOINS BRITAIN, SWEDEN, NORWAY, DENMARK, AUSTRIA, SWITZERLAND, AND PORTUGAL IN A MORE LOOSELY FORMED TRADE GROUP.

THE POSSIBILITY OF A TRADE WAR BETWEEN THE TWO GROUPS THREATENS TO STRAIN THE FABRIC OF WESTERN UNITY.

THE ECONOMIC CONFERENCE WHICH OPENED IN PARIS TUESDAY INCLUDES REPRESENTATIVES FROM THE UNITED STATES, CANADA, BRITAIN, SWEDEN DENMARK, SWITZERLAND, PORTUGAL, FRANCE, GERMANY, ITALY, HOLLAND, BELGIUM AND GREECE.

DY753PES

A127WX 0962

(120) GERMAN

WASHINGTON, JAN. 13 (AP)-THE STATE DEPARTMENT TODAY DENIED THAT U.S. AUTHORITIES IN BERLIN HAVE IMPOSED A NEW BAN ON INFORMATION TO THE PRESS ABOUT THE RECORDS OF FORMER NAZIS.

THE FILES OF THE BERLIN DOCUMENT CENTER HAVE NEVER BEEN OPEN TO PRESS INSPECTION, DEPARTMENT SPOKESMAN LINCOLN WHITE TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE.

HE WAS ASKED TO COMMENT ON A NEWS DISPATCH FROM BERLIN WHICH QUOTED A SPOKESMAN FOR THE U. S. MISSION AS SAYING THAT BACKGROUND MATERIAL NO LONGER CAN BE FURNISHED FROM THE DOCUMENT CENTER TO REPORTERS.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER HAD BEEN ASKED THE SAME QUESTION AT HIS NEWS CONFERENCE EARLIER IN THE DAY. HE REFERRED THE QUESTION TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

THE RECORDS OF THE BERLIN CENTER CONTINUE TO BE AVAILABLE TO OFFICIAL ALLIED AND ALLIED GERMAN AGENCIES, WHITE SAID.

JK1057PES

A68

(250)

BERLIN, JAN. 13 (AP)-WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER FLEW BACK HOME TODAY WITH AN APPEAL TO WEST BERLINERS FOR CONFIDENCE IN WEST GERMANY AND THE WESTERN POWERS.

HIS THREE-DAY VISIT INCLUDED HIS FIRST SPEECH TO THE WEST BERLIN CITY PARLIAMENT. IN IT HE CAME OUT STRONGLY AGAINST RENEWING WESTERN PROPOSALS TO THE RUSSIANS FOR A CEILING ON THE NUMBER OF WESTERN TROOPS IN THE DIVIDED CITY AND FOR THE CURBING OF PROPAGANDA ON BOTH SIDES OF BERLIN'S LITTLE IRON CURTAIN.

HIS POSITION RAN CLEARLY COUNTER TO THE KNOWN STAND OF WASHINGTON. BEFORE BOARDING A U.S. MILITARY PLANE FOR THE TRIP BACK TO WEST GERMANY, ADENAUER SAID IN A BRIEF FAREWELL SPEECH: "THE SESSION WILL NOT FAIL TO HAVE MADE AN IMPRESSION BOTH AT HOME AND ABROAD."

HE TOLD THE WEST BERLINERS:

"RELY ON US AND ON THE WEST AND KEEP YOUR CALM AND CONFIDENCE IN

THE COMING WEEKS."

IN MOSCOW, THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER, PRAVDA, SAID ADENAUER'S SPEECH TO THE WEST BERLIN PARLIAMENT SHOWED HIS GOVERNMENT STILL WAS "TURNING A DEAF EAR TO (SOVIET PREMIER) KHRUSHCHEV'S APPEAL FOR BETTER RELATIONS."

THE PAPER SAID ADENAUER WAS TRYING TO ASSERT HIS CLAIMS ON WEST BERLIN "WITH THE ENCOURAGEMENT OF CERTAIN WESTERN QUARTERS," AND THAT THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT WAS STILL COMMITTED TO THE "AGGRAVATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION AS ITS PRINCIPAL OBJECTIVE."

THE SOVIET PRESS STEPPED UP A CARTOON ATTACK ON THE CHANCELLOR. DRAWINGS IN PRAVDA AND OTHER MOSCOW PAPERS LINKED HIM WITH THE WAVE OF ANTI-SEMITIC INCIDENTS AND HITLERISM AND PICTURED HIM AS A PROPONENT OF NUCLEAR ARMAMENT.

JG716AES

B18 (Q)

-17-

BY ARTHUR GAVSHON (440)

LONDON, JAN. 12 (AP)-AN ASSORTMENT OF NEW PROBLEMS-RANGING FROM ANTI-SEMITISM TO SIR ANTHONY EDEN'S MEMOIRS-TONIGHT BUILT UP ANOTHER CRISIS OF CONFIDENCE IN BRITAIN'S RELATIONS WITH WEST GERMANY.

SEVERAL SEEMINGLY UNCONNECTED DEVELOPMENTS HAVE PRODUCED WHAT SOME AUTHORITIES HERE FRANKLY REGARD AS AN ATMOSPHERE OF MISTRUST AND RESENTMENT.

AND UNLESS THIS ATMOSPHERE IS SWIFTLY DISPELLED THE BRITISH FEAR THE WEST'S NEGOTIATING POSITION ON BERLIN AND GERMANY MAY BE WEAKENED AT THE EAST-WEST SUMMIT PARLEY IN MAY.

THE MAIN TROUBLES:

1. THE OUTCROP OF ANTI-SEMITISM AND OTHER NEO-NAZI MANIFESTATIONS HAVE CREATED AN IMPRESSION HERE THAT PRO-HITLER INFLUENCES LINGER ON IN THE BONN REPUBLIC. THE WEST GERMANY EMBASSY HERE HAS CHARGED SOME BRITISH FIRMS ARE HITTING BACK BY FIRING GERMAN EMPLOYES AND BANNING GERMAN GOODS. THE FOREIGH OFFICE SAID TODAY IT KNOWS NOTHING OF THE GERMAN CHARGES.

2. EDEN HAS SPELLED OUT BRITISH DISTASTE FOR THE IDEA OF AN UNBRIDLED GERMANY IN CHARGE OF HER OWN ARMY. IN THE LATEST COPYRIGHTED INSTALMENT OF HIS MEMOIRS IN THE LONDON TIMES TODAY, THE FORMER PRIME MINISTER CONFESSED HE PROMISED MOSCOW THAT BRITAIN WOULD FIGHT ALONGSIDE THE RUSSIANS IN CASE OF AN UNPROVOKED GERMAN ATTACK.

EDEN'S DISCLOSURES WERE BELIEVED CERTAIN TO UPSET SOME WEST GERMANS.

3. CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER ASSERTED MONDAY THE WEST'S 1959 PLAN FOR A NEW EAST-WEST BERLIN DEAL IS NOW DEAD. BRITISH OFFICIALS PRIVATELY DISPUTED ADENAUER'S DECLARATION. THEY SAID BRITISH LEADERS WILL PRESS FOR A STOPGAP BERLIN DEAL ON THE BASIS OF 1959 WESTERN PROPOSALS WHICH ADENAUER HAD APPROVED.

FOR MORE THAN A YEAR BRITISH-GERMAN RELATIONS HAVE BEEN LESS THAN GOOD. ADENAUER'S POLITICAL MISUNDERSTANDINGS WITH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN PERIODICALLY HAVE LED TO OPEN BICKERING.

IN THE LATEST INSTALMENT OF HIS YEARS AS A WORLD STATESMAN, EDEN SAID IT WAS HE WHO FIRST CONCEIVED THE IDEA OF BRINGING WEST GERMANY INTO THE NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIANCE--SO THE ALLIES COULD CONTROL THE GERMANS AND INSURE AGAINST RUNAWAY REARMAMENT.

HE PUT HIS SCHEME SECRETLY TO JOHN FOSTER DULLES.

THE U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE HAD TOLD EDEN THE UNITED STATES AT THE TIME WAS WEIGHING WHETHER TO ADOPT A POLICY OF WESTERN HEMISPHERIC DEFENSE--WITH EMPHASIS ON THE FAR EAST--IF THINGS WENT BADLY IN EUROPE.

30.24-9773

BY "THINGS GOING BADLY," DULLES MEANT IF THE FRENCH REFUSED TO RATIFY THEIR OWN PROJECT FOR A EUROPEAN ARMY TO KEEP A REARMED GERMANY UNDER CONTROL. IT ENVISAGED THAT FRANCE, WEST GERMANY AND OTHER NATIONS WOULD POOL THEIR ARMED FORCES WITHIN A SINGLE FIGHTING ARMY.

THAT PROJECT COLLAPSED AND EDEN SAID HE THEN TOOK THE LEAD IN MOVES THAT BROUGHT ABOUT WEST GERMANY'S ENTRY INTO THE ATLANTIC ALLIANCE IN 1955.

RA419PES

A65

(150)

VIENNA, JAN. 13 (AP)-COMMUNIST PROPAGANDISTS ARE USING THE MEMOIRS OF FORMER BRITISH PRIME MINISTER ANTHONY EDEN FOR NEW ATTACKS AGAINST THE UNITED STATES AND THE POLICIES OF THE LATE SECRETARY OF STATE DULLES.

EDEN'S REMINISCENCES ARE NOW BEING PUBLISHED SERIALLY IN THE TIMES OF LONDON.

THE COMMUNISTS SEIZED ON THE FIRST INSTALLMENT, IN WHICH EDEN SAID DULLES' PLAN TO INTERVENE WITH PLANES IN THE INDOCHINA WAR SIX YEARS AGO PROBABLY WOULD HAVE STARTED WORLD WAR III, AND THAT BRITAIN'S REFUSAL TO GO ALONG PREVENTED THE INTERVENTION.

THE AUSTRIAN COMMUNIST PARTY ORGAN VOLKSSTIMME GAVE THIS BIG FRONT-PAGE PLAY UNDER THE HEADLINE: "EDEN REVEALS: DULLES DROVE TO THE BRINK OF WORLD WAR. PUBLICATION OF FORMER BRITISH PREMIER'S MEMOIRS BEGINS WITH GIGANTIC SENSATION."

COMMUNIST COMMENTATORS CLAIMED THAT THIS PROVED WHAT THEY'D BEEN SAYING FOR YEARS, THAT DULLES' "BRINKMANSHIP" THREATENED WORLD PEACE.

MK655AES

A94WX

(440) NIGHT LEAD IKE-EDEN

WASHINGTON, JAN. 13 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER CAST A MEASURE OF DOUBT TODAY ON SIR ANTHONY EDEN'S STORY THAT BRITAIN PREVENTED THE UNITED STATES FROM MILITARY INTERVENTION IN THE INDOCHINESE CRISIS OF 1954.

EISENHOWER TOLD HIS NEWS CONFERENCE TODAY THERE WAS NEVER ANY SUCH PLAN DEVELOPED TO BE PUT INTO EXECUTION.

AT THE SAME TIME, THE PRESIDENT SAID HE KNOWS EDEN AS A RESPONSIBLE MAN, AND "HE IS WRITING THE STORY AS HE BELIEVES IT TO BE."

EDEN, FORMER PRIME MINISTER AND FOREIGN MINISTER OF GREAT BRITAIN, HAS WRITTEN THAT THE LATE U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE, JOHN FOSTER DULLES, TRIED TO GET OTHER WESTERN POWERS TO JOIN WITH THE UNITED STATES IN AN OPERATION TO SUPPORT FRENCH MILITARY ACTION IN INDOCHINA AGAINST COMMUNIST FORCES.

WHEN THE POINT WAS BROUGHT UP AT HIS NEWS CONFERENCE TODAY, EISENHOWER SAID:

"REMEMBER THIS, SECRETARY DULLES WAS A VERY FORCEFUL MAN.

"HE COULD VERY WELL TALK ABOUT POSSIBILITIES AND ASK PEOPLE ABOUT POSSIBILITIES THAT MIGHT BY THEM BE CONSIDERED AS PROPOSALS, WHEN THEY WERE NOT MEANT THAT WAY AT ALL.

"I DO KNOW THIS, THAT THERE ARE NEVER ANY PLAN DEVELOPED TO BE PUT INTO EXECUTION IN THAT--IN THE PARTICULAR INSTANCE THAT HAS BEEN TALKED

ABOUT."

THE ADVANCE OF COMMUNISM INTO INDOCHINE REACHED A CRISIS IN THE EARLY MONTHS OF 1954. ON APRIL 11 OF THAT YEAR DULLES FLEW TO LONDON TO TALK WITH EDEN, HE SAID, "IN GREAT INTIMACY." DULLES TOLD REPORTERS THEN THAT THE WESTERN ALLIES FACED A COMMON DANGER IN INDOCHINA.

DULLES WENT ON TO PARIS TWO DAYS LATER, WHERE HE SAID "THE COMMUNIST FORCES WHICH FIGHT THE FRENCH UNION IN INDOCHINA IN FACT ENDANGER THE PEACE AND SECURITY OF THE ENTIRE AREA OF SOUTHEAST ASIA AND THE WESTERN PACIFIC."

THE SECRETARY SAID IN A STATEMENT ON HIS RETURN TO THE UNITED STATES THAT THE LOSS OF SOUTHEAST ASIA TO COMMUNISM COULD BE PREVENTED WITHOUT EXTENDING THE INDOCHINA WAR "IF THE FREE NATIONS HAVING VITAL INTERESTS IN THE AREA ARE UNITED IN A DETERMINATION TO PRESERVE PEACE AND FREEDOM IN THE AREA."

ON APRIL 16 IN WASHINGTON, VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON DISCUSSED THE SITUATION IN A TALK TO THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF NEWSPAPER EDITORS.

THE THEME OF NIXON'S TALK WAS THAT THE UNITED STATES, AS LEADER OF THE FREE WORLD, COULD AFFORD NO FURTHER RETREAT IN ASIA, AND INDOCHINA PRESENTED ITS MOST URGENT PROBLEM. ACCORDINGLY, HE SAID U.S. TROOPS WOULD HAVE TO BE SENT TO INDOCHINA IF THE ONLY ALTERNATIVE WERE TO LET IT FALL TO THE COMMUNISTS.

NIXON'S SPEECH STIRRED OUTCRIES IN CONGRESS. THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID IT HAD NO CONNECTION WITH NIXON'S REMARKS. HIS FRIENDS SAID HE WAS ONLY ANSWERING A HYPOTHETICAL QUESTION.

DULLES AND EISENHOWER EVALUATED THE MENACE OF COMMUNISM IN AN APRIL 17 MEETING AT AUGUSTA, GA., AND AFTERWARDS NEWSMEN ASKED THE SECRETARY WHETHER HE FELT THERE WAS ANY SERIOUS POSSIBILITY OF U.S. TROOPS GOING TO INDOCHINA.

"I THINK IT IS UNLIKELY," DULLES REPLIED.

IN ANY EVENT, NO ACTUAL U.S. INTERVENTION WITH TROOPS TOOK PLACE. INDOCHINA WAS EVENTUALLY DIVIDED INTO NORTHERN VIET NAM, RUN BY THE COMMUNISTS, AND SOUTHERN VIET NAM, CAMBODIA AND LAOS.

RZ914PES

B15WX (SCEG)

1960

(300) INDIA

BY JOHN BECKLER

WASHINGTON, JAN. 13 (AP)-INDIA WILL BE LOST TO THE FREE WORLD WITHIN 10 YEARS UNLESS REAL PROGRESS IS MADE IN ITS FIGHT AGAINST HUNGER AND POVERTY, SAYS AN IOWA CONGRESSMAN.

A GRIM PICTURE OF THE VAST ASIAN DEMOCRACY WAS GIVEN TO THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE AND ASTRONAUTICS YESTERDAY BY DEMOCRATIC REP. LEONARD G. WOLF, WHO VISITED INDIA LAST MONTH.

WOLF SAID A QUICK, IMAGINATIVE APPLICATION OF U. S. SCIENTIFIC KNOWLEDGE IS NEEDED TO HELP OVERCOME THE POWERFUL FORCES PULLING INDIA TOWARD COMMUNISSM.

HE LISTED THESE FORCES AS THE MISERY OF THE INDIAN PEOPLE, THE MILITARY MIGHT OF COMMUNIST CHINA AND ITS EXAMPLE OF A BACKWARD COUNTRY IN THE THROES OF SELF-IMPROVEMENT, AND THE DRAMATIC AID PROGRAMS TO INDIA BY RUSSIA AND ITS SATELLITES.

WOLF SAID IN AN INTERVIEW HE IS PREPARING LEGISLATION HE HOPES WILL LEAD TO A LONG-RANGE PROGRAM TO PUT INDIA ON ITS FEET.

ONE OF HIS PROPOSALS IS FOR ORIENTING A SEGMENT OF U. S. INDUSTRY AND AGRICULTURE TO THE NEEDS OF INDIA.

"THEY CAN'T USE TRACTORS, FOR INSTANCE," HE SAID. "BUT STEEL TIPS FOR THEIR WOODEN PLOWS WOULD PROBABLY LEAD TO A 20 PER CENT INCREASE IN THEIR PRODUCTION OF FOOD GRAINS."

SURPLUS WHEAT, CURRENTLY BEING SHIPPED TO INDIA BY THE UNITED STATES. IS LARGELY WASTED BECAUSE THE INDIANS DON'T KNOW HOW TO MAKE THE BEST USE OF IT, HE SAID. A PROCESSED FORM OF WHEAT NOT WIDELY KNOWN IN THIS COUNTRY WOULD BE MUCH MORE USEFUL TO THEM.

WOLF SAID THERE WOULD BE A CASH MARKET OPEN TO AMERICAN PRIVATE INTERESTS IN THESE AND OTHER PRODUCTS.

ANOTHER PROPOSAL CALLS FOR A CONTINGENCY FUND ON WHICH INDIA COULD DRAW TO BUY QUICKLY SOME SMALL, VITALLY NEEDED PRODUCT. HE CITED RESEARCH PROJECTS THAT FAILED BECAUSE A KEY PIECE OF EQUIPMENT COULD NOT BE ACQUIRED FOR MONTHS THROUGH REGULAR INDIA-U. S. CHANNELS.

"THE EXPLORATION OF OUTER SPACE IS A GREAT CHALLENGE," WOLF TOLD THE COMMITTEE, "BUT THERE ARE PROBLEMS HERE ON EARTH, SUCH AS HUNGER, THAT MUST BE CONQUERED FIRST."

CR336AES

B55 Q

140

NEW DELHI, INDIA, JAN.13 (AP)-COMMUNIST CHINA TOLD INDIA TODAY THAT THE U.S. CONSULATE KIDNAPED A CHINESE CONSULATE EMPLOYE IN BOMBAY LAST NOVEMBER WHILE HE WAS TRYING "TO OBTAIN VISA INFORMATION FOR A FRIEND."

THIS CHINESE VERSION OF THE INCIDENT, ALREADY DENIED, BY THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT, WAS HANDED TO THE INDIAN FOREIGN MINISTRY IN A 3,000-WORD NOTE. MOST OF THE NOTE WAS A REHASH OF PEIPING CHARGES LAST FALL.

THE U.S. VERSION IS THAT THE EMPLOYE, CHANG CHIEN-YUH, ASKED ASYLUM BUT APPARENTLY CHANGED HIS MIND OVERNIGHT. WASHINGTON SAYS CHANG LURED MARINE SGT.ROBERT ARMSTRONG OF MARTINEZ, CALIF., TO THE CHINESE CONSULATE WHERE ARMSTRONG WAS BEATEN AND HELD FOR SIX HOURS.

THE LATEST CHINESE STATEMENT APPARENTLY WAS ISSUED BECAUSE INDIA COMPLAINED THE CHINESE ARE NOT COOPERATING WITH A BOMBAY POLICE INVESTIGATION. THE U.S. EMBASSY SAID THE AMERICANS ARE COOPERATING WITH POLICE AND THE UNITED STATES IS "HAPPY TO AWAIT THEIR VERDICT."

SHORTLY AFTER THE NOTE WAS DELIVERED, THE FOREIGN MINISTRY ISSUED A STATEMENT SAYING CHANG APPEARED BEFORE BOMBAY POLICE YESTERDAY FOR THE FIRST TIME.

B1050AES

B21 (Q)

1960

--17--

NIGHT LEAD MIG (370)

BY SPENCER MOOSA

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, JANAM 13 (AP)-A RED CHINESE JET FIGHTER THAT LANDED ON FORMOSA HAD ELUDED COMMUNIST PURSUIT BUT THE PILOT PERISHED IN A FIERY CRASH LANDING, THE NATIONALIST AIR FORCE SAID TONIGHT.

A COMMUNIQUE EXPRESSED REGRET OVER THE PILOT'S DEATHAND SAID HE WILL BE GIVEN A CEREMONIAL BURIAL.

THE AIR FORCE CONFIRMED THAT THE PLANE WAS A MIG15, AN OLDER AND SLOWER MODEL THAN THE MIG17 AND MIG19.

THE RED FLIER BURNED TO DEATH IN A FIRE THAT BROKE OUT AFTER HIS PLANE RAMMED ITS NOSE INTO THE SAND ON A BEACH NEAR SUAO, 40 MILES SOUTHEAST (CQ) OF TAIPEI.

HE WOULD HAVE BEEN ENTITLED TO 1,000 OUNCES OF GOLD, A STANDING OFFER TO LURE MIG15 PILOTS HERE, IF HE HAD SURVIVED.

MYSTERY SHROUDING ASPECTS OF THE CASE HAD LED TO PUBLIC SPECULATION THAT THE PLANE WAS A MIG17, A 730 MPH CRAFT DEVELOPED BY THE RUSSIANS FROM THE SLOWER AND LESS POWERFUL MIG15.

NATIONALIST RADIO STATIONS, BROADCASTING THE MAINLAND, RENEWED

OFFERS OF ASYLUM, GOOD TREATMENT AND REWARDS FOR DEFECTING PILOTS.
THE REWARDS INCLUDE 2,000 OUNCES OF GOLD FOR A PILOT BRINGING IN A MIG17 AND 4,000 OUNCES FOR ONE BRINGING IN THE SWIFTER MIG19. WESTERN EXPERTS HAVE YET TO EXAMINE THOSE TWO MODELS AT CLOSE RANGE.
USUALLY RELIABLE SOURCES SAID THE CRASH-LANDED CRAFT HAS BEEN DISMANTLED AND WILL BE REASSEMBLED IN TAIPEI FOR PUBLIC DISPLAY.
AIR FORCE HEADQUARTERS GAVE THIS ACCUNT OF THE CASE:
COMMUNIST MIGS STATIONED AT LUKIAO, A MAINLAND AIR BASE BETWEEN FORMOSA AND SHANGHAI, STAGED A ROUTINE TEST FLIGHT YESTERDAY IN THE AREA AROUND NANCHISHAN, A COMMUNIST-HELD ISLAND 150 MILES NORTHWEST OF FORMOSA.
AT 8:25 A.M. ONE SUDDENLY WHEELED FROM THE FORMATION.
AT 8:42 A.M. NATIONALIST RADER SPOTTED THE PLANE SOUTHEAST OF NANCHISHAN. OTHER MIGS SOUGHT TO CUT IT OFF, BUT WERE LEFT BEHIND.
AT 8:45 A.M. IT WAS DISCOVERED THAT THE COMMUNIST PLANE WAS HEADING FOR FORMOSA. NATIONALIST FIGHTERS WERE ORDERED TO INTERCEPT IT.
THE FIGHTERS FOUND THE PLANE SEEMINGLY HAD NO HOSTILE INTENTIONS AND DECIDED THE PILOT WAS DEFECTING.
WHEN IT REACHED THE NORTHERN TIP OF FORMOSA, THE PLANE DROPPED ITS ALTITUDE TO A FEW HUNDRED FEET ABOVE THE SEA AND CIRCLED ONCE OVER AN EMERGENCY LANDING STRIP.
THE PILOT LOWERED HIS LANDING GEAR--AN ACKNOWLEDGED FORM OF SURRENDER.
THE MIG THEN LANDED BUT HIT A BIG STONE, BURIED ITS NOSE IN THE SAND AND CAUGHT FIRE. THE PILOT BURNED TO DEATH.
THE COMMUNIQUE SAID THE PLANE BORE THE NUMBER 0651.
RA&P433PES

A47
(220)
SEOUL, KOREA, JAN. 13 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES TODAY EXPRESSED REGRET FOR THE HEADSHAVING OF TWO SOUTH KOREAN PROSTITUTES BY TWO AMERICAN SERGEANTS ACTING ON ORDERS OF THEIR COMPANY COMMANDER.
U.S. AMBASSADOR WALTER P. MCCONAUGHY AND GEN. CARTER B. MAGRUDER, COMMANDER OF U.S. FORCES IN KOREA, CALLED ON ACTING FOREIGN MINISTER CHOI KYU-HAH TO CONVEY THEIR GOVERNMENT'S REGRET.
CHOI TOLD NEWSMEN THAT MAGRUDER ASSURED HIM THAT INSTRUCTIONS WOULD BE ISSUED TO PREVENT A RECURRENCE OR SIMILAR INCIDENTS. HE SAID THE U.S. OFFICIALS ALSO INDICATED COMPENSATION FOR THE WOMEN WOULD BE CONSIDERED.
THE TWO KOREAN PROSTITUTES HAD THEIR HEADS SHAVED AFTER THEY WERE CAUGHT SOLICITING IN A U.S. ARMY BARRACKS IN THE 7TH DIVISION AREA NORTH OF HERE JAN. 2.
THE SOUTH KOREAN GOVERNMENT DELIVERED A PROTEST ABOUT THE INCIDENT TO MCCONAUGHY YESTERDAY.
THE ARMY ANNOUNCED THE COMPANY COMMANDER WHO GAVE THE ORDER, CAPT. JOHN W. MCENERY, 34, OF CHEYENNE, WYO. HAD BEEN RELIEVED OF HIS COMMAND AND WAS GIVEN A WRITTEN REPRIMAND.
MCENERY HAD ORDERED SUCH TREATMENT FOR ANY PROSTITUTES CAUGHT IN HIS COMPANY'S AREA IN AN ATTEMPT TO DISCOURAGE SUCH TRESPASSING AND TO LOWER THE VENEREAL DISEASE RATE IN HIS COMPANY.
THE ARMY ALSO ANNOUNCED IT HAD ADMONISHED 1ST SGT. ORA CURNUTTE, 30, OF CHILLICOTHE, OHIO, WHO TOOK THE LEAD IN THE BARBERING. NO DISCIPLINARY ACTION WAS TAKEN AGAINST SGT. 1.C. HARRY K. SAUNDERS, 37, OF KANSAS CITY, MO., WHO ASSISTED CURNUTTE.
DB539AES

1960

30.24- 9775

A73
(160
SEOUL, KOREA, JAN. 13 (AP)-U.S.ARMY SECRETARY WILBER M. BRUCKER ARRIVED IN SOUTH KOREA TODAY AND SAID HIS REMARKS ABOUT U.S. DEFENSE OF THE CHINESE NATIONALIST OFFSHORE ISLANDS HAD NOT BEEN ADEQUATELY QUOTED.
"ONLY ONE OR A FEW LINES WERE TAKEN FROM A LENGTHY STATEMENT," BRUCKER TOLD NEWSMEN. "IF YOU READ THE WHOLE STATEMENT . . . YOU WILL SEE WHAT I MEANT."
THE SECRETARY REFUSED TO ELABORATE.
BRUCKER WAS QUOTED AS TELLING A NEWS CONFERENCE IN TAIPEI SUNDAY THAT THE UNITED STATES WOULD DEFEND THE OFFSHORE ISLANDS -- THE QUEMOYS AND MATSUS, JUST OFF THE RED CHINESE MAINLAND -- AGAINST AGGRESSION. HE SAID HE DREW NO DISTINCTION AS FAR AS AGGRESSION WAS CONCERNED BETWEEN AREAS COVERED BY THE U.S.-NATIONALIST MUTUAL DEFENSE TREATY AND AREAS OUTSIDE ITS SCOPE.
SUBSEQUENTLY THE STATE DEPARTMENT INDICATED BRUCKER WAS NOT SPEAKING FOR THE ADMINISTRATION. IT POINTED OUT THAT THE UNITED STATES IS COMMITTED ONLY TO DEFEND FORMOSA AND THE PESCADORE ISLANDS, BUT THAT CONGRESS HAS AUTHORIZED PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TO ORDER THE DEFENSE OF OTHER AREAS IF HE FEELS THEY ARE NECESSARY TO THE DEFENSE OF FORMOSA.
BRUCKER WILL SPEND FOUR DAYS IN KOREA. HE IS TOURING U.S. ARMY INSTALLATIONS IN THE FAR EAST.

IN WASHINGTON THE ARMY SAID BRUCKER IS RETURNING FROM HIS TRIP AHEAD OF HIS ORIGINALLY PLANNED SCHEDULE TO TESTIFY IN CONGRESSIONAL HEARINGS.
UNDER SECRETARY HUGH MILTON SAID THAT WHEN BRUCKER LEFT DEC. 27 HE ASKED THAT HE BE NOTIFIED IF THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE SCHEDULED HEARINGS ON THE DEFENSE PROGRAM EARLIER THAN BRUCKER EXPECTED. THE SECRETARY, WHO HAD PLANNED TO REACH WASHINGTON JAN. 22, NOW EXPECTS TO BE BACK JAN. 19.
THE EXPLANATION WAS PROMPTED BY A REPORT FROM OKINAWA THAT BRUCKER HAD BEEN SUMMONED BACK HASTILY TO EXPLAIN TO CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES HIS STATEMENT ON DEFENSE OF THE CHINESE ISLANDS.
A FORMAL STATEMENT BY THE ARMY SAID BRUCKER IS RETURNING EARLIER THAN ORIGINALLY PLANNED "ONLY SO THAT HE MAY PREPARE FOR HIS APPEARANCES BEFORE THE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEES" OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE.
MILTON MADE PUBLIC A TELEGRAM HE SENT BRUCKER MONDAY WHICH SAID THE SENATE COMMITTEE NOW HAD SCHEDULED HEARINGS TO START NEXT TUESDAY.
SECRETARY OF DEFENSE THOMAS S. GATES JR. AND OTHER DEFENSE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS WILL START OFF ON A GENERAL PRESENTATION OF THE DEFENSE PROGRAM, MILTON TOLD BRUCKER.
BUT, MILTON ADDED, THE SECRETARIES OF THE SERVICES AND CHIEFS OF STAFF WILL BE EXPECTED TO BE PRESENT AT THE OUTSET.
LT&JC1125AES

1960

A159 (250)
SEOUL, KOREA, THURSDAY, JAN. 14 (AP)-U.S.ARMY SECRETARY WILBER BRUCKER TODAY ASSERTED THAT HIS RECENT STATEMENT ABOUT U.S. DEFENSE OF THE OFFSHORE ISLANDS HELD BY NATIONALIST CHINA "DID NOT INFER OR STATE ANY CHANGE IN U.S.POLICY."
BRUCKER'S STATEMENT WAS ISSUED IN ANSWER TO MOUNTING FUROR THAT FOLLOWED HIS REMARKS TO A NEWS CONFERENCE IN TAIPEI SUNDAY. BRUCKER SAID THEN THAT THE UNITED STATES WOULD DEFEND THE NATIONALIST-HELD ISLANDS JUST OFF THE COMMUNIST-OCCUPIED CHINESE MAINLAND FROM

AGGRESSION.
HE ADDED THAT IN DEFINING AGGRESSION, HE DREW NO DISTINCTION BETWEEN THE AREAS COVERED BY AMERICA'S MUTUAL DEFENSE TREATY WITH NATIONALIST CHINA AND AREAS OUTSIDE THE TREATY. THE TREATY PROMISES U.S. DEFENSE OF FORMOSA AND THE PESCADORE ISLANDS ONLY, BUT CONGRESS SUBSEQUENTLY EMPOWERED PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TO DEFEND THE OFFSHORE ISLANDS IF HE BELIEVED AN ASSAULT ON THEM REPRESENTED A THREAT TO FORMOSA.
BRUCKER'S REMARKS WERE CONSIDERED BY MANY IN THE FAR EAST AND IN WASHINGTON TO BE A NEW STATEMENT OF U.S.POLICY, BUT THE STATE DEPARTMENT QUICKLY SAID THE UNITED STATES STILL WAS NOT COMMITTED TO DEFEND ANYTHING BUT FORMOSA AND THE PESCADORES.
IN HIS CLARIFICATION TODAY, BRUCKER INDICATED THAT HE HAD SAID NOTHING NEW BECAUSE THE UNITED STATES IN EFFECT ALREADY HAD DEFENDED THE OFFSHORE ISLANDS AFTER THE COMMUNISTS LAUNCHED A MASSIVE ARTILLERY BOMBARDMENT OF THE QUEMOY GROUP IN AUGUST 1958.
THE SECRETARY SAID HIS REMARKS IN TAIPEI "EXPRESSLY REFERRED TO AND REITERATED THE RESOLUTE STAND TAKEN BY THE PRESIDENT AND THE SECRETARY OF STATE IN SEPTEMBER 1958."
TO COUNTER THE COMMUNIST BOMBARDMENT, UNITS OF THE U.S.7TH FLEET ESCORTED NATIONALIST TROOP AND SUPPLY CONVOYS ACROSS THE FORMOSA STRAIT TO THE QUEMOYS AND ALSO FLEW AERIAL PATROLS OVER THE STRAIT. BOTH AMERICAN PLANES AND SHIPS WERE CAREFUL, HOWEVER, TO REMAIN OUTSIDE THE INTERNATIONALLY RECOGNIZED CONTINENTAL LIMITS OF THE CHINA MAINLAND.
BRUCKER IN HIS CLARIFYING STATEMENT ALSO POINTED OUT THAT "THE ARMY DOES NOT MAKE NATIONAL POLICY BUT ONLY IMPLEMENTS IT AT THE

DIRECTION OF THE PRESIDENT."
THE SECRETARY IS BREAKING OFF A THREE-WEEK TOUR OF ARMY BASES IN THE FAR EAST TO RETURN TO WASHINGTON FOR CONGRESSIONAL HEARINGS. AN ARMY STATEMENT IN WASHINGTON YESTERDAY DENIED A REPORT HE HAD BEEN SUMMONED BACK TO EXPLAIN HIS REMARKS IN TAIPEI. THE STATEMENT SAID HE WOULD GET BACK THREE DAYS EARLY "ONLY SO THAT HE MAY PREPARE FOR HIS APPEARANCES" BEFORE THE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.
FD146AES

A67WX
(180)
WASHINGTON, JAN. 13 (AP)-THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY TONIGHT DISPUTED A REPORT THAT THE LATE POVL BANG-JENSEN, DANISH DIPLOMAT, ONCE TRIED IN VAIN TO SEE CIA DIRECTOR ALLEN DULLES TO TELL HIM ABOUT ALLEGED SOVIET ESPIONAGE.
COL. STANLEY GROGAN, ASSISTANT TO DULLES, ISSUED THIS STATEMENT:
"BANG-JENSEN HAD A TALK WITH ALLEN DULLES DEC. 10, 1957. AT THAT TIME HE DID NOT INDICATE TO HIM THAT HE HAD ANY INFORMATION ABOUT SOVIET ESPIONAGE OR ABOUT SOVIET AGENTS HE WISHED TO DIVULGE.
"DURING THIS MEETING HE DID NOT INDICATE THAT HE WISHED TO HAVE ANY FURTHER MEETINGS WITH MR. DULLES ALTHOUGH HE HAD AMPLE OPPORTUNITY TO DO SO."
COL. GROGAN ADDED THAT DULLES IS "ONE OF THE EASIEST MEN IN THE WORLD" TO SEE ABOUT SUCH MATTERS.
THE MAGAZINE "NATIONAL REVIEW" AND OTHERS HAVE PUBLISHED REPORTS THAT ON EIGHT OCCASIONS OVER A PERIOD OF MONTHS BANG-JENSEN SOUGHT WITHOUT SUCCESS TO TELL OF ALLEGED SOVIET AGENTS PLANTED IN THE CIA AND THE UNITED NATIONS SECRETARIAT.
BANG-JENSEN, ONE-TIME U. N. OFFICIAL, WAS FOUND FATALLY SHOT LAST THANKSGIVING DAY IN A NEW YORK PARK. POLICE LABELLED IT A SUICIDE BUT QUESTIONS HAVE BEEN RAISED ABOUT THIS FINDING.
ER708PES

B56CD Q
VOICE OF AMERICA (260)
CLEVELAND, JAN. 13 (AP)-WORK WILL BE STARTED EARLY THIS YEAR ON THE FIRST PHASE OF A 25-MILLION DOLLAR SHORT-WAVE BROADCASTING CENTER DESIGNED BY THE AUSTIN CO. HERE FOR THE VOICE OF AMERICA, WHICH WILL BE LOCATED NEAR GREENVILLE, N.C.
THE COMPANY ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT HE U.S. INFORMATION AGENCY HAS CALLED FOR BIDS TO BE SUBMITTED JAN. 22 FOR CLEARING 4,000 ACRES OF COMMERCIAL PINE FOREST SO THAT CONSTRUCTION OF ITS NEW CONSOLIATED EAST COAST FACILITIES PROJECT CAN BE STARTED.
THE VOICE OF AMERICA EVENTUALLY WILL TRANSMIT ALL OF ITS EAST COAST PROGRAMS FROM THE NEW FACILITIES, WHICH WILL REPLACE A NUMBER OF OTHERS NOW SCATTERED ALONG THE EASTERN SEABOARD, THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID.
SOME 30 POSSIBLE SITES WERE CONSIDERED BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA AREA WAS SELECTED. THE BEST POSSIBLE TRANSMISSION OF SIGNALS AND NON-INTERFERENCE WITH COMMERCIAL, GOVERNMENT AND MILITARY RADIO TRANSMISSIONS WERE THE PRIME FACTORS IN THE FINAL SELECTION.
TWO TRANSMITTER STATIONS AND A RECEIVING CENTER WILL BE BUILT ON THREE LOCATIONS APPROXIMATELY 18 MILES APART IN A TRIANGULAR ARRANGEMENT SURROUNDING GREENVILLE. THE TRANSMITTER BUILDINGS WILL BE LOCATED ON SITES OF 2,700 ACRES EACH, WITH THE RECEIVING STATION LOCATED ON A 650-ACRE PLOT.
ALL THREE STATIONS WILL BE LINKED BY MICROWAVE CIRCUITS AND TELEGRAPH LINES, AND IN TURN WILL BE LINKED WITH VOICE OF AMERICA BROADCASTING STUDIOS IN WASHINGTON BY MEANS OF TELEPHONE LINES.
THE RECEIVING CENTER WILL CONTAIN SHORT-WAVE RADIO RECEIVERS, TAPE RECORDERS AND TELETYPE EQUIPMENT. IT WILL RELAY BROADCASTS TO THE TRANSMITTING STATIONS.
CONSOLIDATED EAST COAST FACILITIES, SCHEDULED FOR COMPLETION IN 1962, WILL BE ONE OF THE MOST POWERFUL RADIO TRANSMITTING INSTALLATIONS IN THE WORLD. IT WILL HAVE A TOTAL POWER OF 4,820,000 WATTS.
NC1059AES NM